

THE GREAT CONTEST

BETWEEN RANDALL AND CARLISLE AND COX.

An Overwhelming Pressure From the Doubtful States in Favor of Mr. Randall—The Constitution's Position Under Discussion—The Contest for the Minor Offices, Etc., Etc.

Special to The Constitution.
WASHINGTON, November 28.—The speaker-ship has no new developments. Both sides are confident. Mr. Cox, with his twenty or thirty votes, still pretends to be a candidate, but the real race is, of course, between Mr. Randall and Mr. Carlisle. The pressure of democratic influence from the doubtful states of the north in Randall's favor has been very strong to day, and will continue so until the contest is closed. Mr. Carlisle and his friends claim more strength from the south than they can muster. Mr. Randall rests upon the conservative feeling of the party, which dictates the election of men who will not offend the capital of the country.

THE ATTITUDE OF THE CONSTITUTION.
The attitude of the Constitution is freely criticised, but its editorial of Sunday, so widely copied, and the attitude assumed on Tuesday, which was wired from here to night to the prominent journals of the country, is taken as the best expression of conservative southern sentiment. I know at least one dozen southern men, holding commissions in congress, who, in the light of this campaign, have expressed their desire to vote for Randall, who hold paper pledges of the last campaign are high. Such a large number of moral influence of democratic sentiment all over the country will assert itself, and the hopes of 1884 will not be sacrificed by any rash action.

THE GEORGIA DELEGATION.
The Georgia delegation is one of the most uncertain elements in the contest. Nobody is here yet. Several members are coming on a train which will hardly reach here before daylight. As to the minor offices, I am sure that John G. Thompson is beaten for sergeant at arms by John P. Leedom, of Ohio. General Field is claiming the solid support of Georgia, in a bitter contest for the doorkeeper-ship, with Coleman of James Watson, who seems to have more enthusiasm in his support. As to the clerkship, General John B. Clark claims enough votes to distance his competitor, but Mr. Atkins is just as sure of success. His prominence in congress for ten years past, and his warm personal friendships, insure an enthusiastic support. There are at least a score of candidates for post-master of the house, Dalton, of Indiana, Fisher, of Virginia, and Weed, of Vermont, are leading candidates. Dalton appears to be in the lead.

THE LYNCHBURG, VA. NEWS, which has heretofore declined to express a preference for speaker, this morning strongly indorses Sena for Gordon's letter in favor of the election of Mr. Randall.

P. H. R.

CHANDLER'S AMBITION

The Little Villain Seeking the Chairmanship of the Republican Committee.

WASHINGTON, November 28.—The election of a chairman of the national republican committee, which is to meet at Washington on the 12th of December to fix the time and the place for holding their convention, will determine whether the coalition wing of the party will obtain the lead or be ordered to a back seat. This decision will in a certain degree affect the candidacy of Arthur for the nomination next year.

William E. Chandler seeks the chairmanship, as an endorsement of his present political action, and as an aid to future projects. Chandler, Gorham, Hutton, and a few others are the chiefs of the scheme intended to procure for Arthur delegates from the south, and to get them admitted into the convention on the footing of regular republicans. They are the active managers of what is called the Arthur movement, and they brought about the coalition with Mahone, Chalmers, Cash, and other adventurers who were seeking a market for their worthless wares.

If, therefore, Chandler should be chosen chairman, it will be assumed and given out that the republican organization is for Arthur, and that Mahone and his crew are to be admitted into the convention as equals, and to be recognized as equals in every respect with the best and the most honorable republicans.

The whole power of the administration will be used for Chandler, as it is openly used for Mahone. Patronage and promises will be freely offered to achieve his election, because he is the representative of the president's personal ambition, and the manipulator of the scheme to continue this administration in office.

These wirepullers forget very recent experience when they assume that a candidate from New York is desirable or necessary to carry the empire state for the republicans in 1884. Certain Judge Folger was less offensive to the halfbreeds than Arthur is. He had taken no active part to invite or to incur their hostility. He was not a part of the machine, against which they had revolted. His standing as a judge had been good. Yet he was swept out of sight by the tidal wave last year.

Had Arthur been the candidate in his place he never would have been named again in connection with the office.

So far as New York is concerned, it may be said that no republican who has been identified with the faction fights that have raged since the election of Garfield, has the least chance of carrying it. Any respectable candidate outside would be stronger than the best candidate inside the state. The surface is seemingly smooth, because there has been no local cause to disturb it, and both wards and half breeds had an interest in keeping up a show of external peace. They have been resting before the renewal of deadly conflict.

A GENTLEMAN FROM KENTUCKY

He Shows Out Unnecessary Luxury and Establishes Himself as a Spartan Legation.

WASHINGTON, November 28.—Colonel Woolford, representative-elect from the mountains of Kentucky, has arrived at the hotel in the western armory will remember Woolford's cavalry. It was a command which seemed to roam at will, and to be represented in every movement and in the region of every fight, one squad actually crossed the Kentucky or Tennessee mountains, and turned up in the army of the Potomac. The mountaineers knew it as "Mr. Woolford's Critter-back company." His performances on the stump last summer, and his back counties were of a very peculiar character.

He held joint discussions with republicans and arraigned them for hanging Jeff Davis, executing General Lee and other kindred acts. Whenever he was disputed he called up some of his former soldiers who went the rounds with him to testify—one that he was present and saw Mr. Davis pulled up, and the other that he witnessed the shooting of General Lee. All of his charges against republicans were of this impressive character, and all were proved by living witnesses.

He is probably the roughest diamond that has received congressional setting since the republic was established, and in his own way he is certain to make a mark. The Post this morning says:

"The great character of the Kentucky delegation is Frank Woolford, an old confederate officer, who has never been reconstructed.

He arrived here Wednesday. The first thing he did when he entered the room assigned to him was to have it redressed in its furnishings to military simplicity. He had the "carpet" first taken off the floor. The next thing to go was the hair mattress and wire springs. He wanted a straw bed on slats, and a straw pillow. The carpet was removed from the windows. Then General Frank Woolford moved in his baggage, and was ready to see his friends."

This is a pretty serious mistake for a democratic paper to make about a war hero, but still it is this morning's fact for the paragraph, namely that many confederate officers have been much more thoroughly reconstructed than Colonel Woolford now is.

IN THE DEPARTMENTS

Mrs. Garfield's Washington House—The Standard Time.

WASHINGTON, November 28.—The publication of the pension list by the New York Times of the city of Watertown, New York, reveals the fact that some of the pensioners have been dead for a year or more. One woman drew a pension in the name of her mother, who has been dead more than a year. A partial list of illegal cases is published to-day. The department for the northern district of New York has been officially notified of the matter.

MRS. GARFIELD'S HOUSE

WASHINGTON, November 28.—Mrs. Garfield has determined to retain for the present the family residence in this city on Thirteenth and I streets. A short time since a suggestion was made that it be purchased for the pastor of the Christian church and presented to him as a memorial. Mrs. Garfield has written to the Garfield Memorial church edifice on Vermont avenue. Several handsome subscriptions were promised, and one wealthy gentleman agreed to give \$8,000 as his contribution if the purchase of the house was made. Mrs. Garfield has written to the subject, when she replied that shortly after the death of the late president she had been inclined to dispose of the property, but that now she felt reluctant to do so. The longer part of her married life she said, had been spent in this house, and the associations and memories which clung to it were of such a character that she did not feel like letting it go out of her hands. The house is now under rent to a gentleman who uses it mostly for a picture gallery.

THE STANDARD TIME IN WASHINGTON

The secretary of the interior has issued an order adopting the new standard time on and after December 1st, for the regulation of business at the interior department. The secretary of the treasury issued a similar order some days ago and it is expected that the new time will be adopted by the other executive departments. This change of time is of changing the time has been left discretionary with the heads of the departments.

SAN FRANCISCO'S DANGER

The Yellow Fever Unchecked—No Effort to Keep Out.

WASHINGTON, November 28.—Surgeon-General of the United States Marine hospital at San Francisco, has sent an official report to the surgeon general in reference to the two recent cases of yellow fever in the hospital. The surgeon says that two seamen were admitted at the request of the German and Danish consuls. Their case was misrepresented to the assistant surgeon on duty by the officer or agent of the consulate at the time the application for them was made, it being asserted that they had no contagious disease nor had they been exposed to any infection. The morning following their admission the patients said they had been passengers on the steamer "Colonia," which had come from Mazatlan, where yellow fever was prevailing, and that they had the disease. The patients said that all the ships' crew, during their stay at Mazatlan, were sick of yellow fever, except one man, Surgeon-General says that the steamer "Colonia," when she arrived at San Francisco, was allowed by the local health authorities to go into dock and began discharging without any attempt at disinfection or detention, so far as can be learned from the report. The surgeon seems to be of the opinion that yellow fever will not and cannot prevail as an epidemic at that point, and that all the quarantine regulations against it are useless. Such a state of affairs, he says, I do not think exists at any other large port in the country. In the case of the steamer San Blas, of the same line, which arrived some weeks ago with yellow fever on board, the captain gave instructions to the crew to give permits to the seamen from that vessel because of a local law which forbade them passing through the city while suffering from a contagious disease. Notwithstanding his precautions, the surgeon says the men were allowed to land, and the authorities of San Francisco to land in the city where one at least has died and where others are still ill.

ACCIDENT AND DISASTER

Trains Thrown off the Track, Engineers Killed, and Other Accidents.

CINCINNATI, November 28.—The Times-Star dispatch from Bowerstown, Ohio, says: The night train was wrecked here this morning. Fifteen cars were thrown down an embankment. It is supposed that the wreckers put an obstruction in the frog of the switch. Nobody was hurt.

A dispatch from Ashtabula, Ohio, to the same paper says the second division of train No. 49 ran into the first division this morning. The train was wrecked, killing Conductor Pierce and severely injuring several brakemen. Eight cars were burned.

CHICAGO, November 28.—At Elsdon, on the Grand Trunk road, near the Indiana state line yesterday, an express train was wrecked. Three cars were wrecked. A brakeman named Locke was killed, and the conductor and one passenger seriously injured.

Worcester, Mass., November 28.—The rear car of the Boston, Barry and Gardner railway train turned over and went down an embankment just after leaving North Worcester station this afternoon. The car rolled over twice going down the bank. There were about 50 persons in the car, most of whom are more or less bruised. The injuries of some are quite serious. No person was killed outright.

FRANKFURT, Wis., November 28.—A cyclone which passed to the south of this place Sunday night, completely wrecked three farm houses and a number of outbuildings. A woman named Mary Melvin was crushed to death in the ruins of her house.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., November 28.—An explosion occurred in the basement of the wholesale drug house of Meyer Bros., on Delaware street, near Sixth, this city, about 5 this afternoon, and immediately the building was on fire. The engines responded to the alarm promptly, but owing to the combustible character of the stock they could only keep the fire within the walls of the building. The contents are nearly a total loss. The damage is estimated at over \$200,000. The watchman of the building is reported missing.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., November 28.—While six miners were being hoisted up the Collins shaft of the Butler & Elmira coal company, near Wyoming, this afternoon, the hoisting rope became twisted and the bucket containing the men was partly upset, throwing out John Richardson and John Landson, who fell forty feet and were instantly killed.

The Man Woman

CHILTON, Wis., November 28.—Frank Dubois, the supposed woman who has been masquerading in man's clothes, and who ostensibly married a young man named Gertrude Fuller, has confessed that she is female and declares that she married Gertrude Fuller to save her from disgrace. Dubois is under arrest.

THE TONQUIN CREDITS.

THE COMMITTEE REPORTS TO GIVE THE MONEY.

The Probability that France Will Retire After Bataille on Sunday Without Additional Reinforcements—The Committee in Tunis—Musselman Fanaticism in North Africa.

LONDON, November 28.—The Paris correspondent of the Times persists in expressing the belief that the difficulty between France and China will lead to arbitration, which France, after proving that she has the military power to crush China, will accept out of deference to the desire of the European powers, and from a wish not to disturb the commerce of the world. Figaro asserts that Admiral Courbet has informed the government that he cannot make his projected advance on Sontay without additional reinforcements. The gunboat Faray, has been ordered for service in Tonquin. In the chamber of deputies to-day, M. Clemenceau on behalf of the extreme left, requested M. Ferry to furnish an explanation concerning the Chinese memorandum relative to the proposed attack on Bac Ninh. M. Ferry declined to reply. M. Clemenceau will repeat the question at to-morrow's session of the chamber, and if an answer is not then given, will bring the matter forward in the shape of an interpellation. It is stated that M. Ferry has requested the committee on Tonquin credits to postpone the presentation of their report to the chamber of deputies for three days. It is stated that if General Ferry is sent to Tonquin he will go direct to the passes by which the Chinese troops entered Tonquin in order to cut their base of operations and prevent the enemy from receding. The committee of the chamber of deputies on granting the Tonquin credits was 9 to 2 in favor thereof. The amount is nine million francs. Advice from Algeria state that there is great agitation among the native tribes, the reported success of El Mahdi in settling having aroused Musselman fanaticism. It is also said that El Mahdi's emissaries are traversing Tunis. The governor general is urging upon the French government the necessity of retaining a strong military force in Tunis.

THE PRICE OF ALGERIA

LONDON, November 28.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says that although the visit of the Crown Prince Frederick William brought about a truce between the rival dynasties and the liberal factions, the political crisis during the past few days has reached an acute state. It is possible, the same correspondent says, that the moment Prince Frederick William leaves Madrid for Berlin, the Spanish cabinet will fall to pieces, owing to the difference in regard to the terms of the speech from the throne.

A decree abolishing the right of Cuban slaveholders to punish slaves with stock and fetters is gazetted to-day.

ARRESTS IN IRELAND

DUBLIN, November 28.—The Freeman's Journal is informed that within a fortnight the police have arrested and charged with conspiracy to destroy the residence of a county Mayo landlord by explosives and with belonging to the Fenian brotherhood, after a secret examination by the police of each prisoner separately, they were all discharged. Subsequently a majority of the accused were re-arrested.

AN ATTEMPTED WRECK

LONDON, November 28.—Eight blocks of stone were placed upon the railway track near Weymouth, on Monday. It is surmised that they were placed there for the purpose of wrecking the train in which Mr. Gladstone was expected to travel.

THE STEVENSON MANSION—A Forgotten Incident

New York, November 28.—The Stevens mansion has been sold to ex-Corporation Counsel William C. Whitney, a son-in-law of Henry B. Payne, of Cleveland, Ohio, for \$600,000. A magnificent piece of property has changed owner, and thus ends a story of mystery, was read. On motion the account was referred to the committee on cemetery. Aldermen Cox then moved that the resignation be accepted if his accounts were found correct. Adopted. The opinion of S. H. Johnson, city attorney, on the Crockett street obstruction, was read. Alderman Schwed's resolution that the obstruction placed in Ogletown street, at its intersection with Fourth or McIntosh street, be declared a nuisance, and be removed was adopted. Alderman Prouditt introduced the following resolution: Resolved, That the mayor be requested to call an election of the qualified voters of the city to be held in December, that the question of establishing a market in the city of Macon may be submitted to the ballot, and that the committee on printing be instructed to have such a number of them printed as may be necessary for the purpose of laying pipes, dirt, to be rolled so that the embankment be made and that all water and stop cocks and other fixtures of both gas and water which now exist in the streets be brought to a level of the sidewalk, so that they will not obstruct in passing over them. The ordinance introduced last meeting relative to the acceptance of bond or collateral by policemen from prisoners was voted down. An ordinance introduced by Alderman Schwed, providing that any merchant, trader, or shopkeeper, or any other person to sell, or offer for sale, or to keep in store in the city of Macon any second hand or cast-off clothing, deputy description whatever, whether in unbroken packages or otherwise, not applying to private individuals whose or offer for sale their personal cast-off clothing, was passed. The mayor appointed Aldermen Price, Cox and Davis to ascertain who would serve as city assessors for 1884.

MATTERS IN COURT

In superior court to-day the jury after, being out since morning in the case of N. S. Pappert of the Central railway company, returned a verdict late this evening for plaintiff in sum of two thousand six hundred and seven dollars with interest since April 1872. The grand jury were engaged on matters most of the day. The following cases were called for Friday: J. B. Andrews vs. Macon and Brunswick railroad company, Mrs. Edwards vs. Cotton States life insurance company, executors Chas. Collins, use, etc. vs. Enoch Collins and Stephen Collins Dyer, for J. B. Andrews vs. R. S. Salisbury, exchange bank of Macon vs. W. P. Goodall and L. W. Raddall. Wednesday next the case of Mrs. Crosby vs. the Central railroad company, \$3,000 damages, will be called. This is the case in which her husband was killed in a collision near Griswoldsville, three years ago. Judge Simmons granted to-day an injunction against the city, restraining them from moving the Crockett obstruction on Fourth street.

DEATH OF A NOTARY

Mr. R. J. Fitzgibbon, the notary general of the Macon circuit, is an able officer, and by his affable disposition makes friends wherever he goes.

THE DAYS' CRIMES.

A Mexican Priest's House Attacked and Robbed by Bandits.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., November 28.—A dispatch from Matamoros, Mexico, says: The house of Rev. Father Miguel Cabo, at Ixcuipilaxa, state of Puebla, was attacked last evening by a band of robbers. Two servants were killed and a notice of the priest severely wounded. The robbers rifled the house of its valuables.

THE RELEASED SERGEANT

Mason Tells the Story of His Attempt to Shoot Guitaun and His Life Since.

NEW YORK, November 28.—A Sun reporter interviewed Sergeant Mason in Albany to-day. He seemed to be in good health, although his cheeks are somewhat pinched, and there was no roundness to his form. His hands showed the effects of his prison work in the shoe shop, and were somewhat begrimed and horny, though he tried hard to conceal it. He was evidently laboring under considerable mental excitement, but was cheerful and happy.

"Yes, I am glad to get out," he said. "I'll tell you how it was I got word of the pardon having been granted me. Yesterday afternoon a letter from the warden of the state at Albany, in the handwriting of the warden, came to my cell where I was engaged in reading, and said: 'Mr. Mason, you have been pardoned by the president.' You can imagine I was surprised, and could hardly believe the news. At first I naturally made me nervous, and I couldn't eat or sleep until this morning, when I was informed, after the arrival of the pardon, of my good fortune.

Yes, I had pretty nearly given up all hope of being pardoned, when another president came into office, but, being closely confined in prison, I naturally got to thinking that little if anything was being done for me by my friends outside.

"I tell you it took some nerve to face an

eight years imprisonment; but I believe I have acted as a man. Did I intend to kill Guitaun? No, I did not. I only wanted to wound him when I fired. I heard the news of the assassination of President Garfield when I was in Texas, on my way to Washington, where I had been ordered transferred, and I made up my mind there and then that if I was ordered on guard duty over the assassin I would shoot him.

"When I aimed through the window the night was very dark, accompanied by thunder and lightning, and I should certainly have hit him, for I consider myself a pretty good marksman. My object was to shoot him in the side, about where he hit the president, and give him a spinal-column wound. I knew that I was a high target, and I should have expected to be court-martialed and shot."

Being questioned as to his reported quarrel with letter with his wife, Mason said: "Yes, I was quarreling with her. When Betty came here to see me last May she was dressed in great style, with jewelry, watch, chains, and I told her plainly the next time I wrote to her she was somewhat extravagant. She wrote me a long letter, and I guess she was a little angry with me. I can't say what I shall do after getting home. One thing is certain, however, I have had all the army I want. I had rather work in old Virginia, where Betty and the baby are, a day than in the army at \$5. Besides, I think seventeen years of military life is enough for one man. I shall go home to Locust Grove, Va., as soon as I can get there, though I shall very much like to look around a little, and especially to go through the capital."

Mason took the 4:45 train for New York this afternoon. He speaks in high terms of the treatment at the penitentiary, declaring that the average convict would be a better man than the average soldier in the army. The impression left in the reporter's mind was that Mason belonged to a species of individuals classed in modern nomenclature as "cranks." His conversation, volatility, egotism, and many mannerisms seemed to bear this out.

A STRANGE STORY.

The Sale of the Stevens Mansion—A Forgotten Incident.

New York, November 28.—The Stevens mansion has been sold to ex-Corporation Counsel William C. Whitney, a son-in-law of Henry B. Payne, of Cleveland, Ohio, for \$600,000. A magnificent piece of property has changed owner, and thus ends a story of mystery, was read. On motion the account was referred to the committee on cemetery. Aldermen Cox then moved that the resignation be accepted if his accounts were found correct. Adopted. The opinion of S. H. Johnson, city attorney, on the Crockett street obstruction, was read. Alderman Schwed's resolution that the obstruction placed in Ogletown street, at its intersection with Fourth or McIntosh street, be declared a nuisance, and be removed was adopted. Alderman Prouditt introduced the following resolution: Resolved, That the mayor be requested to call an election of the qualified voters of the city to be held in December, that the question of establishing a market in the city of Macon may be submitted to the ballot, and that the committee on printing be instructed to have such a number of them printed as may be necessary for the purpose of laying pipes, dirt, to be rolled so that the embankment be made and that all water and stop cocks and other fixtures of both gas and water which now exist in the streets be brought to a level of the sidewalk, so that they will not obstruct in passing over them. The ordinance introduced last meeting relative to the acceptance of bond or collateral by policemen from prisoners was voted down. An ordinance introduced by Alderman Schwed, providing that any merchant, trader, or shopkeeper, or any other person to sell, or offer for sale, or to keep in store in the city of Macon any second hand or cast-off clothing, deputy description whatever, whether in unbroken packages or otherwise, not applying to private individuals whose or offer for sale their personal cast-off clothing, was passed. The mayor appointed Aldermen Price, Cox and Davis to ascertain who would serve as city assessors for 1884.

MATTERS IN COURT

In superior court to-day the jury after, being out since morning in the case of N. S. Pappert of the Central railway company, returned a verdict late this evening for plaintiff in sum of two thousand six hundred and seven dollars with interest since April 1872. The grand jury were engaged on matters most of the day. The following cases were called for Friday: J. B. Andrews vs. Macon and Brunswick railroad company, Mrs. Edwards vs. Cotton States life insurance company, executors Chas. Collins, use, etc. vs. Enoch Collins and Stephen Collins Dyer, for J. B. Andrews vs. R. S. Salisbury, exchange bank of Macon vs. W. P. Goodall and L. W. Raddall. Wednesday next the case of Mrs. Crosby vs. the Central railroad company, \$3,000 damages, will be called. This is the case in which her husband was killed in a collision near Griswoldsville, three years ago. Judge Simmons granted to-day an injunction against the city, restraining them from moving the Crockett obstruction on Fourth street.

DEATH OF A NOTARY

Mr. R. J. Fitzgibbon, the notary general of the Macon circuit, is an able officer, and by his affable disposition makes friends wherever he goes.

THE DAYS' CRIMES.

A Mexican Priest's House Attacked and Robbed by Bandits.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., November 28.—A dispatch from Matamoros, Mexico, says: The house of Rev. Father Miguel Cabo, at Ixcuipilaxa, state of Puebla, was attacked last evening by a band of robbers. Two servants were killed and a notice of the priest severely wounded. The robbers rifled the house of its valuables.

THE RELEASED SERGEANT

Mason Tells the Story of His Attempt to Shoot Guitaun and His Life Since.

NEW YORK, November 28.—A Sun reporter interviewed Sergeant Mason in Albany to-day. He seemed to be in good health, although his cheeks are somewhat pinched, and there was no roundness to his form. His hands showed the effects of his prison work in the shoe shop, and were somewhat begrimed and horny, though he tried hard to conceal it. He was evidently laboring under considerable mental excitement, but was cheerful and happy.

"Yes, I am glad to get out," he said. "I'll tell you how it was I got word of the pardon having been granted me. Yesterday afternoon a letter from the warden of the state at Albany, in the handwriting of the warden, came to my cell where I was engaged in reading, and said: 'Mr. Mason, you have been pardoned by the president.' You can imagine I was surprised, and could hardly believe the news. At first I naturally made me nervous, and I couldn't eat or sleep until this morning, when I was informed, after the arrival of the pardon, of my good fortune.

Yes, I had pretty nearly given up all hope of being pardoned, when another president came into office, but, being closely confined in prison, I naturally got to thinking that little if anything was being done for me by my friends outside.

"I tell you it took some nerve to face an

THE MACON NOTEBOOK.

THE HAPPENINGS OF A DAY IN THE CENTRAL CITY.

Scored by a Bicycle—Granite Sidewalks—A Negro Chief Arrested—Municipal Politics—A New Market—House Moved—Matters in Court—Cotton Gin on Fire—Lansate.

Special to The Constitution.

MACON, November 28.—A serious runaway occurred on Fourth street this morning, in which Nelson Irons came near losing his life. He was sitting in one of Mr. F. W. Whipple's hacks, opposite his store, waiting for orders, when Mr. Jno. Flynn, a salesman of Messrs. Schwed & Gibben, dashed by on a bicycle. The horse became frightened and began to rear. The driver held on, but was not able to hold him, and he ran down Fourth street to the Brown house corner. By a quick jerk his driver managed to turn him around. He then ran back to the store. Here the driver became frightened and jumped out. Almost immediately afterwards the carriage was turned over and badly smashed, damaged to the amount of \$50. Becoming loose from the harness that held him, the horse ran away, running up Fourth through to Second and down to Cherry street, where he was caught. When he got loose from the carriage he frightened the horse attached to the delivery wagon of Messrs. Binswanger & Co., which animal also ran away, running into a tree, near the corner of Fourth and Pine, where he was caught. The shafts of this vehicle were broken and the animal came near being choked to death. The accident caused considerable excitement and many were the protests arraigned against the young man and his bicycle.

GRANITE SIDEWALKS.

Messrs. Wolf & Brother are having a substantial granite sidewalk laid in front of their store on Fourth street.

Mr. J. H. Taylor passed through the city this morning in charge of a negro boy by the name of Taylor Jenkins, who has been stealing in America. He will be taken to even's pottery, where he will serve out a sentence of twelve months.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

In the council meeting last night the matter of the petition of St. Mitchell's lodge, colored, to have a skating rink in their hall on Cotton avenue, on motion and also on a protest from C. H. Hutchings, Alderman Cox moved that the license be not granted unless they get the consent of all property holders in the vicinity. The motion was adopted. A communication giving the resignation and the accounts of James Jones, treasurer of the city, was read. On motion the account was referred to the committee on cemetery. Alderman Cox then moved that the resignation be accepted if his accounts were found correct. Adopted. The opinion of S. H. Johnson, city attorney, on the Crockett street obstruction, was read. Alderman Schwed's resolution that the obstruction placed in Ogletown street, at its intersection with Fourth or McIntosh street, be declared a nuisance, and be removed was adopted. Alderman Prouditt introduced the following resolution: Resolved, That the mayor be requested to call an election of the qualified voters of the city to be held in December, that the question of establishing a market in the city of Macon may be submitted to the ballot, and that the committee on printing be instructed to have such a number of them printed as may be necessary for the purpose of laying pipes, dirt, to be rolled so that the embankment be made and that all water and stop cocks and other fixtures of both gas and water which now exist in the streets be brought to a level of the sidewalk, so that they will not obstruct in passing over them. The ordinance introduced last meeting relative to the acceptance of bond or collateral by policemen from prisoners was voted down. An ordinance introduced by Alderman Schwed, providing that any merchant, trader, or shopkeeper, or any other person to sell, or offer for sale, or to keep in store in the city of Macon any second hand or cast-off clothing, deputy description whatever, whether in unbroken packages or otherwise, not applying to private individuals whose or offer for sale their personal cast-off clothing, was passed. The mayor appointed Aldermen Price, Cox and Davis to ascertain who would serve as city assessors for 1884.

MATTERS IN COURT

In superior court to-day the jury after, being out since morning in the case of N. S. Pappert of the Central railway company, returned a verdict late this evening for plaintiff in sum of two thousand six hundred and seven dollars with interest since April 1872. The grand jury were engaged on matters most of the day. The following cases were called for Friday: J. B. Andrews vs. Macon and Brunswick railroad company, Mrs. Edwards vs. Cotton States life insurance company, executors Chas. Collins, use, etc. vs. Enoch Collins and Stephen Collins Dyer, for J. B. Andrews vs. R. S. Salisbury, exchange bank of Macon vs. W. P. Goodall and L. W. Raddall. Wednesday next the case of Mrs. Crosby vs. the Central railroad company, \$3,000 damages, will be called. This is the case in which her husband was killed in a collision near Griswoldsville, three years ago. Judge Simmons granted to-day an injunction against the city, restraining them from moving the Crockett obstruction on Fourth street.

DEATH OF A NOTARY

Mr. R. J. Fitzgibbon, the notary general of the Macon circuit, is an able officer, and by his affable disposition makes friends wherever he goes.

THE DAYS' CRIMES.

A Mexican Priest's House Attacked and Robbed by Bandits.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., November 28.—A dispatch from Matamoros, Mexico, says: The house of Rev. Father Miguel Cabo, at Ixcuipilaxa, state of Puebla, was attacked last evening by a band of robbers. Two servants were killed and a notice of the priest severely wounded. The robbers rifled the house of its valuables.

THE RELEASED SERGEANT

Mason Tells the Story of His Attempt to Shoot Guitaun and His Life Since.

NEW YORK, November 28.—A Sun reporter interviewed Sergeant Mason in Albany to-day. He seemed to be in good health, although his cheeks are somewhat pinched, and there was no roundness to his form. His hands showed the effects of his prison work in the shoe shop, and were somewhat begrimed and horny, though he tried hard to conceal it. He was evidently laboring under considerable mental excitement, but was cheerful and happy.

"Yes, I am glad to get out," he said. "I'll tell you how it was I got word of the pardon having been granted me. Yesterday afternoon a letter from the warden of the state at Albany, in the handwriting of the warden, came to my cell where I was engaged in reading, and said: 'Mr. Mason, you have been pardoned by the president.' You can imagine I was surprised, and could hardly believe the news. At first I naturally made me nervous, and I couldn't eat or sleep until this morning, when I was informed, after the arrival of the pardon, of my good fortune.

Yes, I had pretty nearly given up all hope

MBRIDE'S CHINA PALACE
HAMMERED BRASS LAMPS, ELEGANT CHINA,
CUTLERY, CROCKERY, LAMPS, MIR-
RORS, CHANDELIERS, SPOONS, FORKS
CASTORS, STATUARY, HOUSEFURNISHING
GOODS, BETH THOMAS CLOCKS, SHOW
CASES, LARGEST STOCK, FINEST
GOODS, LOWEST PRICES IN THE SOUTH.
—AT—
MBRIDE'S CHINA PALACE
SAVE MONEY
BY BUYING YOUR
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY
—OF—
A. F. PICKERT

No. 5 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.
The largest stock of the finest Silver-plated Ware
will be found at No. 5 Whitehall street. There is
of the celebrated Meriden Britannia Company's
make and guaranteed to give satisfaction for twenty
years' wear. Do not fail to see these goods before
buying. Remember the place.
A. F. PICKERT,
No. 5 Whitehall Street.

HAVILAND CO.,
—WHITE AND DECORATED—

--CHINA--

For the Holidays at New York Wholesale Prices, by
HENRY SELTZER.
Strictly Cash on Delivery.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Corros—Middling uplands closed in Liverpool
yesterday at 6; New York at 10-16; in Atlanta
at 9-15-16.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS U. S. A.
U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, November 28, 10:30 a.m.
All observations taken at the same moment of
time at each place named.

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Wind.	Force.	Direction.	Forecast.
Atlanta.....	30.45	49	W	Light	00	Clear.
Augusta.....	30.45	49	N.W.	Light	00	Clear.
Galveston.....	30.37	57	N.E.	Brisk	00	Clear.
Indianapolis.....	30.40	57	N.E.	Brisk	00	Clear.
Key West.....	30.10	70	N.E.	Brisk	00	Clear.
Mobile.....	30.40	50	N.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Montgomery.....	30.42	49	N.	Fresh	00	Clear.
New Orleans.....	30.38	54	N.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Pensacola.....	30.38	49	N.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Puerto Rico.....	30.37	47	N.	Fresh	00	Clear.
Savannah.....	30.37	47	N.	Fresh	00	Clear.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

Time of observation..... 30.45 49
6:31 a.m..... 30.46 48 24 E. Fresh 40 Clear.
10:31 a.m..... 30.49 48 22 E. Light 00 Clear.
2:31 p.m..... 30.41 57 39 E. Light 00 Clear.
6:31 p.m..... 30.41 57 39 E. Light 00 Clear.
10:31 p.m..... 30.45 49 30 W. Light 00 Clear.

Mean daily bar..... 30.42 Maximum ther..... 57.5
Minimum ther..... 47.7
Total rainfall..... .00
The weather at other points at 7 a.m.: Chicago,
temperature 31, weather, clear; Cincinnati, 32,
foggy; Omaha, 16, clear; St. Louis, 39, clear; Dodge
City, 41, clear; Vicksburg, 38, clear; Indianapolis, 47,
clear; New Orleans, 51, clear; Mobile, 45, clear;
Savannah, 39, fair.

WATCHES

—BUY—
**ONLY THE NEWEST
IMPROVED,
FINEST TIME-KEEPERS,
AT LOWEST PRICES.**
Send for Catalogue.

**J. P. STEVENS
WATCH CO.,
ATLANTA, GA.**

HOLIDAY PRESENTS
PAINTED TO ORDER AT
LYCETT'S ART SCHOOL,
67-1-2 Whitehall Street.

Also ladies taught to paint their own presents.
Lessons in Oil, Water Color and China Painting.
Free instruction and advice for amateurs.

MEETINGS.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will
hold a thanksgiving service this afternoon at 3:30
o'clock, at the parlor of the Y. M. C. A. Friends of
temperance always welcome.
Mrs. E. C. WITTER, President.
Miss M. H. STEVENS, Secretary.

PERSONAL.

Mr. A. S. Cohen has been quite ill for some time.
His physician on yesterday thought that there was
a slight improvement. His many friends hope
this is true.
Dr. J. P. Huntley, dentist, 61 Whitehall street.
tu 10 38

Society News.

News relating to marriages, parties, balls, club
meetings, initiations, personal departures from
the city to resorts, etc., respectfully solicited for
Sunday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION. All such
matter must be handed in or sent to "society
editor," with responsible name, by 1 o'clock p. m.,
Friday.

EDITOR'S CONTRIBUTION: The report of the proceed-
ings of the meeting of teachers held on the 27th
inst., published in yesterday's CONSTITUTION, neces-
sarily a personal statement. The undersigned,
teachers of the Girls' high school and Ivy street
school, who upon the consideration of the
resolution of the board of education
published on Tuesday, voted to discontinue
the schools during the month of December, still
feel that it is not expedient for teachers to continue
work under present conditions. They do not "see
fit to teach without pay or the board of the city of
Atlanta becoming in any way responsible," but,
for the sake of harmony and in order to prevent the
disorganization of their schools, they agree to teach
their respective classes during the month of Decem-
ber. They wish to say, however, that their action
in this case must not be considered a precedent by
which they will in any way be bound under simi-
lar circumstances hereafter.

Laura A. Haygood,
Principal Girls' high school.
ABRIE CALLAWAY,
Teacher third grade.
M. R. MASO,
Teacher third grade.
H. H. SMITH,
Principal Ivy Street school.
FANNIE S. SMILLIE,
Teacher second grade.
SUE BURKS,
Teacher third grade.
BESSIE HANNA,
Teacher fourth grade.
Mrs. C. F. RAYS,
Teacher fifth grade.

Atlanta, November 28, 1883.

The Union chorus, for the great Thomas concert,
met last evening; there was a full attendance and
Professor R. Barff was highly pleased with the pro-
gress made. There is no doubt but what Mr. Thep.
Thomas will go away highly pleased with Atlanta's
vocal talent.

CHAMBERLIN, BYNTON & CO.
JUST ARRIVED.
NEW LOT NEW STYLE CLOAKS, CLOAKS
CIRCULARS, ETC.
NOVELTY DRESS GOODS. FRESH NEW STYLES ADDED TO OUR STOCK DAILY.
CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!!
Another Shipment of Latest Designs in Brussels and Ingrain Carpets at Prices beyond Competition.
BLANKETS! BLANKETS! COMFORTS
WE GUARANTEE PRICES ON THESE GOODS.
SHOES! SHOES! SHOES!
Shoes of best makes, Latest Style, all widths—Gents', Ladies' and Children.

DOBBS & BROTHER
Are now Headquarters for Cheap Goods.
**BISQUE AND BRONZE GOODS AT PRICES THAT DEFY COM-
PETITION.**
French China Decorated Tea Sets at \$7.50, Moss Rose English China Tea Sets at \$7.50, French China at \$7.50, Old Style Pink and Blue Dinner Sets at \$12.50.
Decorated French China Dinner Sets, 127 pieces, at \$40; Haviland & Co.'s Best Decorated China Dinner Sets, 127 pieces, at \$60. Silver goods in Walters, Tilt-
ing Pitchers, Jewelry Cases at your own price, Bronze Library Lamps, \$4; Cut and Engraved Goblets at \$2 per set.
Merchants will save Money by Purchasing their Christmas Goods at

DOBBS & BROTHER
53 PEACHTREE STREET.

A BIG LOT

Of Scrap Books, Photograph and Autograph

ALBUMS!

VERY LOW. A COMPLETE STOCK OF

ARTISTS MATERIALS JUST IN-

FRENCH TRANSFER

PICTURES,

Bronze Moulding and New Styles of Frames, at

D. C. PITCHFORD.

Successor to Lovejoy & Pitchford, 28 Whitehall St.

E. L. WINHAM.

JOB PRINTER

Can be found at LYNCH & LESTER'S Bookstore

No. 7 Whitehall Street.

CHICKERING & SONS

KING OF PIANOS.

From FRANK LESTER, "King of Pianists!"

To be just, I must declare them perfect (perfo-

usima, superlatively perfect).

STIGMUND THALBERG, the great master of the Piano,

writes as follows:

"Since my arrival in America, I have constantly

used the Pianos of Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS, and

I can only repeat that which I have often said be-

fore—their instruments are the best I have seen in

the United States and will compare favorably with

any I have ever known. S. THALBERG.

L. M. GOTTSCHE, America's greatest Pianist and

Composer.

I consider them superior to any in the world.

F. L. FREYER,

GENERAL AGENT,

27 Whitehall Street,

ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

DOMINE AND DUFFY

have just received the following goods: 2 boxes

leghorn citron, 25 boxes lemon peel, 25 boxes

orange peel, 75 boxes seedless raisins, 50 boxes va-

lencia raisins, 10 boxes london layers, 300 quarter

boxes london layers, 25 boxes of delectable raisins, 25

barrels runies, 10 mats dates, 50 boxes layer flies,

1000 cocoanuts, 30 boxes sweet oranges, 35 boxes

lemons, 100 five pound buckets apple butter, 200

buckets fruit butter, 200 buckets all kinds of Jellies,

preserves, and jams, 25 barrels of apples, 75 buckets

of almonds, english walnuts, brazil nuts, and fil-

berts, 15 barrels of cranberries, fresh Norfolk plant

oysters received daily, 50 dozen celery, 300 boxes

plum pudding, 100 pine apple, cheese, 150

edam cheese, neuchâtel cheese, swiss

cheese, caspago cheese, parmesan cheese,

French cream cheese, young America cheese

and New York state cheese—500 jars preserved gin-

ger, 100 boxes sugar cured dried ginger, 300 boxes

of pickles, chowchow, mixed and plain pickles, 100

kinds of cakes and crackers, 10 barrels English cur-

ried, 25 barrels Malaga grapes, 500 cans asparagus,

10,000 cans peaches, tomatoes, corn, peas, Lima

beans, succotash, rhubarb, pumpkins, okra and to-

matoes, pears, quinces, green guavas, green guavas,

gooseberries, huckleberry, raspberries, strawber-

ries, grapes, cherries, pine apples, flinton haddis,

blue fish, salmon, lobsters, mackerel, clams, clam

chowder, Lea & Perrin's sauce, Prince Albert

sauce, salad dressing, mushroom catsup, walnut

sauce, tomato sauce, imported olive oil, 4

& Blackwell's pickles and celery

sauce, 25 cans Yarmouth blonies,

pollock mackerel, brook trout, bonnies and

fresh broiled mackerel, 15 barrels of buckwheat, 25

boxes of self-raising buckwheat and flour, 10 bar-

rels oat meal, 25 cases steamed cooked oat, 10 bar-

rels wheat, farina and barley in great variety,

100 bushels Jersey sweet potatoes, 50 barrels

HIRSCH BROS

OUR STOCK IS NOW FULL AND COMPLETE

BUSINESS AND ADDRESS SUITS

AND OVERCOATS

EQUAL TO CUSTOM-MADE GOODS AND AT

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

HIRSCH BROS.

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA

OVERCOATS

LIGHT & HEAVY WEIGHT

Suits for Men, Boys and Children

at low prices, and in great variety.

38 Whitehall Street

MUSE, SWIFT &

DALLAS,

38 Whitehall Street

upon by Brotherthorn negroes, who swore

by all they held sacred that if Howard opened his

mouth they would pitch him down the steps.

Howard dared them to lay hands on him and

started for the top step. The crowd pressed around him

and the excitement became intense. The police

interfered and arrested a negro who had an open

knife in his pocket. By that time the white men

on the ground began to take a hand and the lead-

ers pressed around the negroes, each side encourag-

ing its men. High words passed and flushed

faces and flashing eyes betokened blood on the

moon. Horton tried to speak but he had not

gotten further than "yellow citizens" before the band

struck up and exultant shouts rang out from

the Brotherthorn men. How's seed sells rent the air

until the music was over, and then it was found

that George McKinney, a Brotherthorn negro, had set

up to speak against Horton. Both tried to speak at

once, but the howls became so loud that McKinney

was drowned out, and above the

din could occasionally be heard the stentorian tones

of the Beaver slide oyster. At last the band struck

up again and Horton moved down to the edge of

the steps where he again attempted to speak but a

crowd of Brotherthorn negroes collected around him

and yowled the air of heaven with howls that

might have been heard three-quarters of a mile.

George McKinney followed Howard Horton and

yelled at him.

"Somebody take dat dead nigger from yur!"

shouted Howard, pointing to George.

"Yow-oo-yow-oo-oo!" screeched the crowd,

"bruh-buh!" went the bass drum, and

"Take dat ole Beaver slide nigger down fum dar!"

yelled the crowd.

"Give him a possum and let him go back to

Beaver Slide," yelled a voice.

Horton subsided. Somebody made a grab for

George McKinney and the police made a dive for

the somebody and some one somebody climbed the

lamp posts and suddenly out went the

lights, leaving the crowd in darkness. The

crowd sent up a yell and laughing over the

fun slowly turned up Pryor street and began to

scatter. The Brotherthorn men claimed that the

stocked men had broken up their meeting and

charged that they had been aided and abetted by

the police who were on duty the meeting and

stocked men claimed that the Brotherthorn men

had agreed to divide time and then refused to stick

up.

After the meeting a number of gentlemen, sup-

porters of Mr. Brotherthorn, met in a private room

and took some action, of which they furnished THE

CONSTITUTION the following report:

ACTION OF W. H. BROTHERTHORN'S FRIENDS.

At a meeting of some of the leading supporters of

Captain W. H. Brotherthorn for alderman held last

night, the following preamble and resolutions

were adopted:

Whereas, The friends of Captain Brotherthorn ac-

ting on an earnest belief that as between his op-

ponent and himself, he ought to be elected alder-

man and that a calm, fair and thorough presen-

tation of his superior capacity, experience, and ad-

aptation to the public service to the people would

lead largely to secure his election, had arranged a

series of meetings for that purpose and had pre-

pared the services of respectable and capable

speakers, white and colored, to address the people

on the issues involved; and on Tuesday

night held one of the meetings in the First Ward

which was addressed by Colonel Sam W. Small

and by Mick McCrellish, both of whom discussed

the questions involved fairly and with perfect re-

spect to Mr. Stockell and all of his supporters, ex-

cept a few noisy persons who sought to interrupt

the discussion in all unseemly

manner, and the second meeting

daily advertised as a Brotherthorn meeting assem-

bled in front of the courthouse last night, and the

principal speaker of the evening being absent, his

brother proceeded by a prominent supporter of Mr.

Stockell, and on properly repelling the insulting

statement was denounced as a d-d liar by the per-

son giving the first insult; and when a respectable

colored man, named William Day, was addressing